

Status of Food Security Projects and the Challenges that Contributed to Their Dysfunctionality in the Rural Communities of Limpopo Province, South Africa

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ABSTRACT Food security projects launched by the South African government to assist reduce poverty in the districts of Limpopo Province have shown to be unsustainable and ineffective at addressing food security at the grassroots level. This research was carried out as a follow-up to Nesengani et al.'s 2016 study. The goal of this research is to find out how far these projects have progressed in terms of their functions. Data in order to learn more about the status of food security projects' and challenges that contributed to their dysfunctionality and their assessment was gathered from the five districts of Limpopo Province. SPSS was used to examine the data. The outcomes of this study show that the most successful food security projects are those that did not meddle with earnings; members either share 30 percent of sales profits or do not share at all. The report provides policymakers with recommendations on how to support, monitor, and evaluate food security projects across the length and breadth of Limpopo province.