

A Note on Palmar Flexion Creases among the Mann Tribe of Meghalaya, North-East India

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ABSTRACT Palmar flexion creases in the Mann tribe of West Garo Hills district of Meghalaya, North East India were studied in a sample of bilateral palm prints of 123 male and 116 female subjects. It was found that there exists no bimanual or bisexual variation with regard to this trait in the present population. The Mann tribe was found to differ significantly from most of the other populations of North-East India in respect of palmar flexion creases.