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Student-Centred Pedagogical Design in Veterinary Education: A Conjoint Approach

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ABSTRACT The MSVE-2016 curriculum by the VCI aims to produce veterinarians with clinical competence, scientific understanding, and socio-economic awareness. Integration of social science subjects, namely, Veterinary and Animal Husbandry Extension Education (VAHEE), Livestock Economics, and Biostatistics, promotes participatory learning and data-informed decision-making. This study examined the instructional preferences of 312 undergraduate students using conjoint analysis. In VAHEE, the training approach (37.64%) and learning style (36.03%) were most valued, with virtual simulations and online modules preferred over field visits and farmer interactions. Students also favoured peer/self-assessment and continuous evaluation over year-end exams. In Livestock Economics and Biostatistics, institutional support (48.62%) and assessment (40.96%) were most influential, with digital resources and peer/self-assessment rated highly. In one-hour theory classes, interaction methods (47.3%) dominated, with preference for hands-on tasks and quizzes. Overall, students preferred interactive, digitally supported, and assessment-integrated teaching, for aligning instruction with MSVE-2016's goals.